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THE TEXAS REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME [illegible] COLUMBIA, SATURDAY JULY 4, 1835. NUMBER 44.

TERMS [illegible]

THE REPUBLICAN IS PRINTED [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Velasco, May 9th 1835

[illegible]

NEGROES.

THE subscriber [illegible] [illegible] the mexican [illegible] the Brazos [illegible] [illegible] the purest [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] hundred head of cattle [illegible] yoke of work oxen. [illegible] suit purchasers.

[illegible]

[illegible] Medicine, Surgery, &c. [illegible] certificate [illegible] read a Medical essay [illegible]

[illegible]

Brazoria, March 14th, 1835

NEW [illegible]

HAVE just received from [illegible] er Elizabeth Jane, a ver[illegible] [illegible]

NEW AND SEASONABLE [illegible] AND AMERICAN [illegible]

of which they offer [illegible] Case or [illegible], at New Orleans [illegible] [illegible], a ful[illegible] tment of fashionable [illegible] [illegible] cloth[illegible] Fine Guns, pocket [illegible] duelling [illegible]; a few medicine chests [illegible] [illegible]

35

SCHOOL AT COLUMBIA

THE REV. STEPHEN M. HALE an[illegible] [illegible] on Monday the [illegible] he will open an

ENGLISH SCHOOL,

[illegible] Columbia, for children [illegible] twelve years of age.

June 24th, 1835 43—tf.

N. B. JOHN CHAFFIN, for chil[illegible] above the age, up to 50 years

A Meeting of the citizens of this Jurisdiction, will place in the town of Co[illegible] on the 28th inst. A Bar[illegible] will be furnished on the occasion by Josiah H. Bell.

AUCTION

SALE OF FURNITURE.

[illegible] 15th day of July next, will [illegible] to the highest [illegible] household Furniture [illegible] consisting of Par[illegible] Table Furniture— [illegible] &c. &c.

PENAY AUSTIN

[illegible] 1835 42—3t *

Auction Sale.

[illegible] will be sold at public auc[illegible] on the 28th day of [illegible] 12 o'clock, one thous[illegible] of land on Austins [illegible] about eight miles from [illegible] Bay & about 6 miles [illegible] Oyster Bay, this land is [illegible] for raising hogs and [illegible] Cotton &c.—There [illegible] three or four hand, [illegible] seats as it is in a healthy part of the country.

C. P. MYRICK.

May 27th 1835 40—5t

LEAGUE & AINSWORTH

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIA, JUNE 6, 1835. 40. tf.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber are requested to make immediate payment, as further indulgence will not be given.

M. W. SMITH.

NEW ROAD.

A new road has been cut out from his place to the Bernardo, cross[illegible] my house, which shortens the [illegible] to Cedar lake 6 miles persons [illegible] to or from Matagorda will find [illegible] to their advantage to cross [illegible] at my house, where there is [illegible] good ferry boat always at hand

J. B. COWAN.

38 tf

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Administrator of the estate of Samuel Young, dec'd. requests all those having claims on said estate, to present them duly authenticated for payment, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all those indebted to the estate, will make immediate payment.

THOMAS SHADONE.

DOCTOR

T. R. ERWIN.

WILL PRACTICE MEDICINE, SURGERY AND OBSTETRICKS. j5 -1

POETRY.

BEAUTY.

Round love's elysian bow'rs
The softest prospects rise,
There bloom the sweetest flow'rs,
There shine the purest skies.

And joy and rapture gild awhile,
The cloudless haven of beauty's smile.

Round love's deserted bow'rs
Tremendous rocks arise,
Cold mildews blight the flow'rs,
Tornados rend the skies.

And pleasure's waning moon goes down,
And the night of beauty's frown.

Then youth, thou fond believer,
The wily syren shun,
Who trusts the fair deceiver
Will surely be undone.

When beauty triumphs—ah, beware!
Her smile is bane, her frown despair,

Z.

TO AN INDIAN GOLD COIN.

Slave of the dark and dirty mine!
What vanity hath brought thee here?
How can I bear to see thee shine
So bright, whom I have bought so dear?
The tent-rope's flapping lone I hear,
For twilight converse, arm in arm
The jackall's shriek burst on mine ear,
Whom mirth and music wont to charm.

By Cherical's dark winding stream,
Where cane-turfs shadow all the wild,
Sweet visions haunt my waking dream,
Of Tevriot, loved while yet a child,
Of castled rocks stupendous piled
By Esk, or Eden's classic wave,
Where loves of youth, and friendship smiled,
Uncurs'd by thee, vile yellow slave!

Fade, day-dreams sweet, from memory fade!
The perish'd bliss of youth's first prime,
That once so bright on fancy played,
Revives no more in after time!
Far from my sacred natal clime,
I haste to an untimely grave,
The daring thoughts that soared sublime,
Are sunk in ocean's southern wave.

Slave of the mine! thy yellow light
Gleams baleful to the tomb-fire drear—
A gentle vision comes by night,
My lonely widowed heart to cheer;
Her eyes are dim with many a tear,
That once were guiding stars to mine;
Her fond heart throbs with many a fear—
I cannot bear to see thee shine!

For thee, for thee, vile yellow slave!
I left a heart that loved me true;
I cross'd the tedious ocean wave,
To roam in climes unkind and new,
The cold wind of the stranger blew
Cold on my wither'd heart—the grave
Dark and untimely met my view;
And all for thee, vile yellow slave!

Ha! com'st thou now, so late, to mock
A banished wanderer's heart forlorn—
Now that his heart the light'ning stock
Of sun-rays, tipt with death, has borne?
From love, from friendship, country, torn,
To memory's fond regrets the prey,
Vile slave! thy yellow dross I scorn;
Go mix thee with thy kindred clay.

LEYDEN.

AN APPARITION.

'Twas night gloomy night, when all was hushed in calm repose, when no sound was heard, save that of the chirping cricket. As I lay musing in my bed, my thoughts assailed with gloomy apprehensions, and moping somnus guarded the beds of mortals, but mine alone he had forsaken. Methought I had lost entirely his kind patronage, and in course of half an hour had begged his assistance three times; when, dreadful to relate, the door turned on its creaking hinges, my heart turned in my body, and my body in my bed! I saw nothing, but heard the dreadful apparition approaching towards me; my fancy painted his grisly beard and gilded eye-balls shining against the walls with terror. It came to my bed, which I had already crept to the foot of—it pulled the clothes; I pronounced a small ejaculation, and prepared to meet my fate. A long silence ensued—then a shrill voice—another pause—and at last I had the fortitude to put out my head, when, to my eternal confusion, mortification and disgrace, I saw—A CAT.

ON HONOR.

HONOR resembles the eye, it cannot suffer the smallest impurity, without being entirely affected. It is a precious stone, the least defect in which diminishes its value. It is a treasure which if once unfortunately lost, can never be regained. Honor is to this life, what salvation is to the next. The latter can only be acquired by great pains, and the former can only be preserved by the greatest delicacy. The wise man preserves it as a resource in the misfortunes which may befall him; whereas the foolish man pledges it at every moment for nothing. A body without a soul is a carcass, and a man without honor is a dead body, from which every one turns with disgust.

Honor is in itself so entire, that it can bear no diminution in any of its parts, without totally disappearing.—We therefore can see a man dishonorable by halves, Honor and life, placed in a balance, are found to be of equal weight; but as soon as honor is taken from the one scale, the other kicks the beam.

SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT OF THE HOUSE OF CONGRESS OF THE FREE STATE OF COAHUILA AND TEXAS.

Most Excellent Sir.

A series of unfortunate circumstances difficult and compromitting, have agitated the State of Coahuila and Texas, since the month of June the last year. The public administration suffered in all its branches the shocking consequences which could be produced by the withdrawal of one of the departments in which the territory of the State is divided, until by virtue of a treaty made with the then existing government, and the revolted department, the dispute was submitted to the resolution of his Excellency the President of the Republic, Gen. Don Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna. Which resulted in a renewal of the elections for members of the Legislature and other high functionaries, so that the Legislative body which should have entered into the discharge of its functions, in conformity with the constitution on the first January, of the present year—did not verify this act until the first of the present month, March.

The legitimate representatives of the State of Coahuila and Texas, are going to address your Excellency this day with that noble frankness which in critical and delicate times secures a happy result. From the moment in which the 5th Constitutional Congress of this

State, opened its ordinary sessions, it considered as one of its most important duties, to inform itself by positive dates of the melancholy situation in which the State exists. Faithful depositories of the rights of the people, who for their security, have deposited a considerable portion of their natural liberty in the hands of their delegates. We do not believe we should ever worthily correspond to so excellent and distinguished charge, if we permitted to remain envelopped in silence the desires of our constituents, who in unanimity with the general expression of public opinion, demand to be placed before your Excellency their just complaints against the intervention which the Commandant general Don Martin Perfecto de Cós, has been in in exercising in the public administration of this state, so begging a remedy which shall remove from the Captain examples the outrages they have suffered and still suffer — No more disgraceful and indecorous tolerations, no more disdain and ignominy. Let the nation and the world entire understand that the inhabitants of the state were capable of sole a rig for a few days the unhappy prostration caused by a revolutionary vertigo, but never lost the noble sentiments of federal regeneration in order to demand at all times just satisfaction for their injuries.

By the documents which form the collection, and which under the number 1, is annexed, your Excellency will be informed how the Commandant General, Don Martin Perfecto de Cós, under sinister and badly interpreted information commissioned one of his adjutants, Don Domingo Forres blanco to go to investigate an unfortunate act that had taken place in a point of the Department of Parras, engrafting himself by this measure, in a strange manner in the internal Administration of this State and this solely because in that event was found annexed the names of one or two citizens, not born in the country.

The result of his commission which is found in Collection No 2, formed by the adjutant Forresblanco, proves not to the last grade of evidence the ominiousness of the Commandant General, having otemit to the Government of the State, the process for its decision, so soon as he saw by the work of his own hands, that he could not make criminals of honest citizens of this State, and which he styles Foreigners because they are not born in the country

The Commandant General Cos, (document No 3) has seen with dissatisfaction the elections had in this department of Monclova, and that of Parras thus giving to a numerous most interesting and unprammeled for the purpose, without any faculty whatever under any principle or pretext, for such procedure, and exciting Governor Eugeziba to "cause his authority to be respected, obliging all those to return to their duties who had, possibly under sinister views separated from them."

But the communication of Col. Cos of the 25 h of February last, to the Governor of the State, is even a greater attempt against the rights of state (such are its liberty, its independence, and the exercise of its sovereignty, granted by the Federal Charter,) and found in document No. 4, in which he persuades and formally makes him responsible or take violent measures, advancing to him these remarkable expressions. I cannot indicate any thing to you on the subject of the elections, unless to say that for the present, there is nothing which offers so urgent & necessary as that, that Government sustain its dignity, causing itself to be respected by its subaltern authorities. Your excellency for this purpose, can count upon all the resources which are within the reach of this Commandant Generalship.

The constitutional congress of the free state of Coahuila and Texas cannot do less than view with abomination that fatal production of a military chief offering all his resources to destroy the political existence of the state, for no other construction can be put upon the seduction which he offers to the feelings of the Governor, to persecute the political authorities that presided over the electoral meeting, and the electors who freely gave their suffrages, with full and ample powers from the people in favor of the representatives to the legislature. in the person of those who have no impediment whatever by the constitution, to exercise public charges of any description of popular appointment. There are without doubt in this legislative body, members whose personal and political conduct are objectionable in the opinion of the Commandant General Cos, but be this as it may, the legislature deems that this military chief should use his influence with his subalterns, in conformity with the law of his profession. Make war on the hostile indians that the fertile plains of Texas reduce these savage tribes to peace, in order that the inhabitants may freely & secure dedicate themselves to the population and cultivating the lands, and then the legislature, just appreciators of true merit will extend towards him such considerations, as he may make himself worthy of by his services, but so long as he continues to meddle in the political matters of the state, constituting himself its regulator and supreme dictator, the legislature protests to your excellency in the name of the state which they represent, that it will incessantly complain that it is not at liberty to exercise its functions, and will return to the people the high powers with which it has been invested, unless your Excellency using the faculties which, by the high post you occupy you are invested with, in conformity with the laws, should be pleased to order, as we hope, a suitable remedy to evils of such transcending magnitude.

This is the unanimous desire of the 5th constitutional legislature of the state of Coahuila & Texas, to your excellency it is made known for your information and resolution, and to the people it represents it will be communicated in order that they may be informed of their situation. Hall of the sessions of the legislature of Coahuila & Texas in Monclova 14th March, 1835.

To His Excellency the President protector of the Mexican Republic.

ON MARRIAGE.

Every man who marries ought to have *three* views, viz. To live quietly and happily in the matrimonial state; to study to establish his house according to his situation in life, and to give some gratification to his senses. The pleasure of a peaceable life ought to outweigh all the others, and the establishment of his fortune ought to be preferred before views of sensual pleasure. The temper and virtue of a wife give the first, graces the second, *agreeableness in person*, the last. But, by a misfortune, or rather a strange blindness, most people reverse this order of things and refer pleasure to fortune, and fortune to the happiness of life; and from thence proceed so many unhappy families among those who have only views of pleasure or interest, for pleasure glides away and extinguishes itself, either by possession, which allays desire, or by age, which destroys personal charms, and often riches take themselves wings, and leave a man only an idol, stript of the gold which constituted its value. But good sense and virtue always remain, and are not subject either to disgust or change.

DOUBTFUL CASE.

One speaking of a very bad man just dead, concluded with,—"well, let us say no more about him. he is now dead and at rest."—"No, faith," cried a bystander, "Not at rest, unless the *devil* is dead too."

'Tis the right of mediocrity to be protected, praised, extolled, loaded with rewards. 'Tis the right of eminent merit, to excite envy and jealousy, only to obtain the distinctions due to it by struggles and contests. —Baron De Grimm.

It was told to Lord Chesterfield, that Miss W— a termagant and scold, was married to a gamester. His Lordship said, that CARDS AND BRIMSTONE made the best MATCHES.

NOTICE

TO SHIP-MASTERS.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing the public that another flagstaff has been erected at the mouth of the Rio Brazos and as the bar is very often too rough for boats to board vessels, they might be deceived by seeing both flags flying and in range together, therefore the following signals will be exhibited

At high water will be hoisted at the flagstaff a white flag with a *Mexican Eagle, in black* in the middle. If it is half tide or low water the same will be hoisted at half mast only—should she be boarded and there be plenty of water on the Bar the following rule may be observed.

When the vessel is near down to the Bar the flag on the flagstaff will be hauled down and two smaller flags erected at a suitable distance from each other *these* flags will be a black Ball on a white ground—and are the range for crossing the Bar without a *Pilot* in running down should it be to rough for boats to come out you should haul off and on, taking care not to get to the Westward of the Bar as there is generally a strong current setting in that direction, and unless your vessel sails well it will be almost impossible to come in. Vessels with good ground tackle need not be afraid to anchor off the Bar taking care to anchor in 4 1 2 fathoms water rough weather, and in fine weather they can anchor in safety in 3 1-2 fathoms. When vessels are off the Bar in bad weather, a fire will be made on the Beach every night I shall continue to conduct the Pilotage as usual and so do my duty at the hazard of my life.

J. BROWN, Pilot.

Mouth of Rio Brazos, May 23 1835

NOTICE.

WHEREAS it has been represented to me that Ann Eliz Wilkerson a minor within the years of property is without a Tutor or Guardian and that said minor has property which is about being wasted and destroyed Now I, Silas Dinsmore, Primary Judge of the Jurisdiction of Columbia, and ex Officio Judge of Probate, give Notice to all persons concerned, desiring the appointment of Tutor or Guardian of said minor to make application to me on or before the 11th day of July proximo, as I shall on that day proceed to make an appointment, as the law directs. Given from under my hand in office this day the 19 h of June, 1835.

S. DINSMORE, Primary Judge and Ex Officio Judge of Probate

Notice.

THE subscriber having returned to Brazoria from a professional visit in the country, is now prepared to wait on those persons, who may want his services.

39.tf. CHARLES KNEASS

NOTICE.

GEORGE B. M'KINSTRY Adm'r of the estate of Jesse W. Vance, dec'd filed his petition, stating that he has funds in his hands belonging to the succession but not sufficient to satisfy all the demands against it. This is therefore to cite and admonish all and singular, the creditors of said succession to appear before me at my office in the town of Columbia on the fifteenth day of June next then and there to establish their demands and receive their just proportion of the funds on hand.

SILAS DINSMORE.

Columbia, May 3d, 1835 36.tf.

☞The creditors above referred to are notified that the above meeting is fixed for the 1st Monday in July, proximo, at which time they again are notified to appear. S. DINMORE,

Columbia June 16, Primary judge.

WAGON MAKING

THE subscriber is now prepared to attend to any business in his line, his shop is at his plantation on the Bernardo, three miles from Brazoria where wagons will be made and repaired on moderate terms.

J. E. COWAN.

38.tf.

Notice.

THE undersigned gives this public notice that he has been appointed Agent for the different Insurance Companies in the city of New-Orleans; and whereas, in order the insurers may be the more fully satisfied of the fairness of all losses that may hereafter happen here or on the adjacent coast, certificates of the Agent will be required before any loss will be paid. 5-1 EDMUND ANDREWS

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of John Austin, dec'd. will present them to the undersigned for settlement; and all those indebted to said estate, will make payment to him and no other.

j10-3 T. F. L. PARROTT.

DISSOLUTION.

THE copartnership heretofore existing in the name and style of A G.&R Mills is by mutual consent, this day dissolved, except in liquidation, those having claims against them will please present them for payment and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment or satisfactory arrangements—otherwise indulgence will not be given.

A. G. Mills,

R. Mills.

N. B. The business will in future be conducted by Robert Mills and David G. Mills in the firm & style of Robert Mills and Co., and their goods will be sold at reasonable prices for cash on the usual credit, to punctual customers.

THE estate late property of Edward Robertson deceased, will be leased for the term of one year. It is situated 3-4 of mile from town, and consists of about one hundred and twenty acres of land, twenty of which is cleared and under fence, a good house kitchen &c.—Terms made known on application to

EDMUND ANDREWS.

Brazoria, March 7th 1835,

Boarding School.

MISS TRASK respectfully announces to the public her intention of opening a Boarding School, for young ladies and misses, on the first of January, in Coles' Settlement:

Boarding per week,	$ 2
Tuition per quarter,	$6 to 10

For particulars, those interested are referred to

John P. Coles, Coles' Settlement,

J. Hoxey, " "

Dr. J. B. Miller, San Felipe,

James F. Perry, Brazoria,

W. C. White, Columbia.

Coles' Settlement, Dec. 2, 1834.-19tf

DOCTOR E. H. HARRIS,

HAVING located himself permanently in Columbia for the purpose of practising Medicine, Surgery, &c: is now ready to attend to any business in his line. His office is next door to Mr. John Chaffin. By strict attention to business, together with the success which has attended a long course of practice in the United States of the North, he hopes to share a part of that public patronage which has been so liberally bestowed on his brothers in the profession.

Attorney at Law.

H. N. MOREAND will attend to any business entrusted to him—his office is in Liberty the Trinity river.

Reference—W. H. Sledge, } Columbia.
Jno. Chaffin, }
J. S. D. Byrom, Brazoria,
P. C. Jack, }

m21 29 Mosely Baker, San Felipe,

MR. JOHN A. WHARTON is my lawful Agent during absence to the United States.

a25.34 W. B. S

BRAZORIA TEXAS.

JULY 4 1835.

This day (4th of July) will be celebrated at Velasco, by a special Ball.

ERRATA.—In announcing the [illegible] from the [illegible], last week, [illegible] ord PRIOR was [illegible] ATLER.

The proceedings of the [illegible] meeting, as circulated [illegible] found in our [illegible] Texas [illegible] a crisis as [illegible] and so [illegible] er councils, and [illegible] prominent [illegible] ly grain [illegible] ing and [illegible] mon [illegible] unk, however, that [illegible] mean [illegible] avert the [illegible] be a source of [illegible] come to the [illegible] Vigilance, Correspondence [illegible] ty is now in [illegible] proceedings will be [illegible] public as soon as [illegible]

COMMUNICATIONS

For the Brazoria [illegible]

Mr. Editor —

Returning home after [illegible] [illegible] "—(Which [illegible] poisonness!) [illegible] assaulted [illegible] found [illegible] and that [illegible] ness.

But for the spry [illegible] ers of literature [illegible] [illegible] tion of a [illegible] have discovered [illegible] re-[illegible] majestic chariot wheels over our plains.

Perhaps if I could have given [illegible] under greeting, I [illegible] him, as it is I will only [illegible] tleman it be thought [illegible] interloper's business, [illegible] bring on his [illegible] and again, but I [illegible] worthy of my [illegible] acknowledge [illegible]

"As to" the [illegible] and wheedling apology of M. D., I confess since he is [illegible] his scraps more [illegible] consistency [illegible] communication with [illegible] geon is known by his flattering [illegible] his apology referring to me, says,— I *understand* that he *was* a regular graduate, it so he had [illegible] to procure his *Diploma*, and I [illegible] my remarks could do him no *injury*" In the first instance, I am recognized as *wounded*,—in the second he could not [illegible] that I could be *injured*—O Tempora! O Mores!"—no sir, for your [illegible] ks," I care not, but the insidiousness, and invidious distinction [illegible] ted in your apology receives my [illegible] contempt.

[illegible] you are inclined to commit further [illegible] sion "go ahead," "I know your [illegible] "And whilst I neither beg the [illegible] nor fear the [illegible] of men"—"I desire" to be let [illegible] e my business unmolested, and *this I mean to do*, perfectly regardless of any thing in future said by M. D. or L. D.

I am, Mr. Editor, respectfully,

A. APPLEWHITE.

THE FARMER, No. 3.

Every citizen takes a pleasure in seeing the rural portions of his country exhibit evidences of taste and prosperity. What is more pleasing than to behold all nature smiling—fields crowned with the richest harvest—woodlands abounding in material for fuel, and for the useful arts—substantial and tasteful dwellings and farm-houses, betokening comfort and plenty, and every spot exhibiting the careful supervision and industry of the farmer. Such scenes excite complacency and patriotism—emotions very different from those that arise when traversing a country whose inhabitants, through deficiency of skill, industry, and enterprize, though possessing [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

$150 Reward.

RANAWAY on the 27th ult. from the subscriber living on the Brazos river near the Fort Settlement three negro men, one named Sterling, very black, thirty five to forty years of age, about five feet eight or nine inches high. Joe, a dark mulatto, about thirty five years of age, five and a half feet high or thereabout. Richard a bright mulatto, thirty three years of age, six feet high, very high forehead and bold spoken. When he left his hair was very thick and stood erect. Each of them had a horse, one of which was stolen. There is almost a certainty that the negroes were stolen by Thomas Nerson who will probably endeavour to take them to the State of Mississippi. Nerson is about thirty five years of age, six feet high or upwards is very slim and his hair remarkable red, speaks quick and has a down look. The above reward will be given on delivery of the said negroes at my house, or $50 for either.

WILLIAM HUNTER

Fort Settlement, July 4, 1835. 41 tf

Notice.

HAVING sold my stock of goods for the purpose of closing my business—all those indebted to me are most earnestly requested to make immediate payment at Messrs. Bennett & [illegible] [illegible] ment of any business of prompt [illegible] which I must be [illegible]

STEPHEN GAMMEL

Brazoria July 4, 1835—41 tf

NEW TOWN

AT THE MOUTH OF THE LARACCA

AND at the Pass of Mesgosa Bay known by the name of Cox's town

This town presents every advantage of location necessary to the establishment of a commercial place being the only [illegible] [illegible] vessels can come to with safety, and the most convenient to the Mexican trade and also surrounded by a fine body of land. [illegible] [illegible] town of business [illegible] short time.

A Sale of Lots will take place on the 9th day of [illegible] next.

Purchases can be made at private sale previous to the day of sale.

COX & SUTHERLAND.

DOCTOR

JOHN Y. WALLACE

Respectfully offers his professional services to the inhabitants of Columbia and its vicinity.

June 5th, 1835—41—tf.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of Riggs & Hesskew, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; all those indebted to the above firm will please call and make payment to Hiram Riggs who is authorised to receive all monies due the firm. The bussiness will be continued by W. A. Hesskew.

HIRAM RIGGS.

W. A. HESSKEW.

Race.

THERE will be a match race over the Columbia Turf, on Tuesday, 1st Oct. next, between Capt. John Chaffin's horse Gambier and P. R. Splan's horse Rocket, for One Thousand Dollars.

Also, the Columbia Jockey Club will commence on Monday the 5th October.

Sheriff Sales.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed I shall sell for cash in the Town of Brazoria, on the 10th, July next a gold watch and chain levied upon, as the property of J. M Caslin, to satisfy an execution in favor of H M'Crackin, vs said M'Caslin.

JOHN CHAFFIN, DEPUTY SHERIFF.

June 13th 1835-41 —

BY Sundry executions to me directed, I shall expose to public Sale for cash in the Town of Columbia on June 21st inst All the stock of cattle, horses, hogs, also a half league land, adjoining F. F. L. Parrott, and others, belonging to Geo. Tennille levied upon as the property of Geo Tennille to satisfy sundry Executions in favor of Wyley Martin and others —

Also Two negro fellows, levied upon as the property of I. H. Long to satisfy an execution in favor of J. S. D. Byrom. May 21, 1835.—

Also On the 6th day of July next at the same place the lower third league No. 6 Known as part of the Bernardo league, levied upon as the property of Lawrence S Kinney, in favour of J W. Hall vs said Kinney Also one tract of land lying on the east side of the Brazos and opposite the Varnes, part of the Packer tract, levied upon as the property of P R Splan to satisfy sundry Executions in favor of Maguire Jameson, F. F. L. Parrott, and S Bowen and others vs said Splan.

Also Three negroes, Hector, Moses and Eliza levied upon as the property of P R Splan and A V Splan to satisfy Two Executions in favor of M Neel and Woolson and F. F. L. Parrott Adm'r of J Austin.

Also A Quarter league of land formerly belonging to the Estate of Saml Toy on the east side of the Bernardo just above the Hunt levied upon as the property of E. Mather and others. execution in favour of A C. Holmes.

BY virtue of a decree of the honorable Silas Dinsmore, Primary Judge of the Jurisdiction of Columbia bearing date 2nd day of December, we the subscriber will be sold at Public Auction for cash in hand, at the Court House in the Town of Columbia on the 6th day of August next, the following tracts of Land as the property of Thomas Jones, the same having been specially mortgaged and pledged for the payment of the purchase money, viz One League and [illegible] as the [illegible] on the San Bernardo and [illegible] which will be more particularly and satisfactory on the day of sale. [illegible] will be sold at the instance of [illegible] Curator of the succession of Samuel Sawyer deceased.—

JOHN CHAFFIN, DEPUTY SHERIFF

Columbia June, 4th, 1835—40—

Notice.

COLUMBUS R PATTON, having applied to the Primary Judge of the Jurisdiction of Columbia, for letters of Administration on the succession of William Alexander late of this Jurisdiction, deceased It is ordered by the Court that Public Notice be given of said application and if cause be not shewn within thirty days from this date that the petition of the applicant will be granted.

SILAS DINSMORE JR, PRIMARY JUDGE.

Columbia, June 3d 1835—40 tf

Second Sale of Lots

IN THE TOWN OF MONTEZUMA,

AT THE REAL HEAD OF TIDE NAVIGATION.

THERE will be a second sale of the Lots in the above town, on the 4th day of July next. The subscriber would respectfully call the attention of the public to the above town. Possessing all the advantages of locality—it being the nearest point to San Felipe, at which boats of any size can get, & being in one of the richest parts of Texas, it cannot be doubted that it will be the place of business on the Brazos. It has the advantage of two miles fronting the river clear of inundation; and only 400 yards from the prairie. The subscriber has two leagues of well timbered land in the vicinity, the use of which he will give to purchasers, for two years to make improvements with. It also has a fine mill seat one mile and a half distant.

The subscriber intends giving a dinner on the day of Sale to which the public are invited.

T. J. ALSBERRY

Montezuma; April 1835.

JUST Received and for sale

100 Bls Flour,
50 Whiskey, do
8 Hds Bacon,
20 Kegs Lard,
10 Bls Cordial,
10 Quarter Casks Madeira Wine,
1 Trunk ready made Clothing,

EDMUND ANDREWS.

[illegible]

THE subscriber having leased the above establishment is now eprpared to accommodate all those who may favor him with their custom—Private rooms are now prepared for the accommodation of families who may wish to spend the summer on the coast. He hopes by strict attention to the comfort of his guests, to receive a share of public patronage.

J. C. DOWNER.

COLUMBIA MEETING.

At a very large and respectable meeting of the citizens of the jurisdiction of Columbia on the 28th day of June, 1835, held in pursuance of a previous call, for the purpose of considering the present situation of the country, and determining upon the course of conduct for the people of this jurisdiction to pursue, in the present and approaching crisis —Col. W. D. C. Hall was called to the chair, and Byrd B. Waller elected secretary.

The letter of the Political Chief of this department together with a number of documents throwing light upon the real situation of the country having been read to the meeting, Messrs. John A. Wharton, W. D. C. Hall, H. Smith, J. F. Perry, J. H. Bell, S. Whiting, G. B. M'Kinstry, W. C. White, P. B. M'Neel, F. Bingham, J. E. Phelps, Edwin Waller, E. Andrews, J. P. Caldwell and E. G. Head, were unanimously chosen to prepare a report and resolutions to be submitted for the consideration of this meeting. The committee retired, but shortly returned with the following report and resolutions which were unanimously adopted —

To the citizens of the jurisdiction of Columbia —Your committee having given the subject on which they were to report, as thorough an investigation as time and circumstances will permit, beg leave to [illegible] following report:

Your committee view with the deepest regret, and greatest alarm the present political situation of Texas, and recommend to this meeting, and their fellow citizens generally, union, moderation, organization and a strict adherence to the laws and constitution of the land. Your committee protest against the conduct and acts of any set of individuals (less than a majority) calculated to involve the citizens of Texas in a conflict with the Federal Government of Mexico, and particularly protest against the proceedings of those persons at Anahuac who gave the collector of customs, Don José Gonzales, a series of resolutions declaring that they would not obey the revenue laws of Mexico. They denounce said persons as foreigners, and disclaim all participation in the act whatsoever. Your committee further declare that they are the faithful and loyal citizens of Mexico, and that they are disposed and desirous to discharge their duties as such, and that it is their wish and interest to remain attached to the Federal Government of Mexico. Your committee recommend to the Political Chief, the adoption of the most prompt & energetic measures to chastise the savages that have lately committed depredations upon our frontier citizens; and beg leave to present the following resolutions:—

Resolved, That it is the duty of the citizens of Texas to unite in the support of the constitution and laws of their adopted country.

Resolved, That inasmuch as Texas is left in a state of anarchy, and without governor, vice governor, or council, that we recognize the Political Chief as the highest executive officer, and that we earnestly recommend an immediate organization of the militia for the protection of the frontier, and that he suspend his orders until the whole people are consulted, and also that he recommend a similar course to the Chiefs of the other departments of Texas.

Resolved, That the Political Chief be requested to correspond with the Chiefs of departments in Texas, to request them to cooperate with us in electing three deputies from each jurisdiction of their several departments, to meet the chiefs of departments in public council, with full powers to form for Texas a *Provisional Government* on the principles of the constitution, during the reign of anarchy in the state, and that they meet as soon as circumstances will possibly permit.

Resolved, That a committee of five be chosen to wait on the Political Chief with the views of this meeting, and that they constitute permanent committees of vigilance, correspondence and safety.

Resolved, That the Political Chief be requested to address the Executive of the Federal Government of Mexico, representing the peaceable and loyal disposition of the citizens of Texas and their great desire to remain attached to the Federal government.

Resolved, That the Political Chief be requested to address the citizens of this department, commending them to be strictly true to the laws and constitution of the land.

Resolved, That we will support the Political Chief in the discharge of all official duties.

Resolved, That each chairman of the neighborhood be requested to address a letter to the Political Chief enclosing him a copy of the proceedings of this meeting.

Messrs. W. D. C. Hall, J. A. Wharton, W. H. Jack, J. G. McNeel, and [illegible] committees [illegible] meeting, the committee of vigilance, correspondence and safety, [illegible] on the Political Chief with the views of this meeting.

On motion, it was resolved that the thanks of the meeting be given to the chairman and secretary. And then the meeting adjourned.

W. D. C. HALL, Ch'n.
BYRD B. WALLER, Sec'ry.

INTERCEPTED CORRESPONDENCE.

Commandant General of the interior states of the East } The documents inclosed by the Governor of Coahuila Don Augustin Viesca, to show the order, having been dispatched by the Commandant General, we believe, without doubt, that remaining him to Comanches, he would be [illegible] of my vigilance, and that he would be able with more freedom, to light up anew the civil war, for this object he set out for Texas, leaving Morelos clandestinely in company with six persons, more, taking solely intransitable roads to avoid being discovered by the line of Garrisons where I have already anticipated orders not to permit him to pass into the frontier, because it was beyond a doubt that arriving there he would move those new inhabitants against the Supreme Government, and would create evils of much magnitude to the nation. The vigilance of the military commandants, has procurred the arrest of the before mentioned Mr. Viesca, who was on an out of the way road in the vicinity of the town of Nava, a village a few miles from San Fernando. I have ordered him to be sent to the State of New Leon, where he will remain at the disposition of the supreme Government of the Union, who will with its notorious impartiality deliver him over to the tribunals, that have to investigate his conduct and dispose of his person.

As by this measure dictated under the force of [illegible], is the responsible person for the quietude and public peace; the state to which that department belongs is completely without a head in as much as the Legislature is in recess, it has appeared to me proper to excite the zeal and patriotism of your honor in order that until the General Government determines as it should the appointment of new authorities, you take special care of the Administration and interior order of the Department under your charge, without making any innovations whatever, subject yourself to the laws of the State as granted to you. Nevertheless your honor will do are such measures as are in power to prevent under any circumstances a disturbance of the tranquility of the Department placing yourself for this purpose in communication with the neare military Chief who will afford you every assistance. I do not doubt that your honor will cooperate in maintaining those towns in order, and admit the protestations of my esteem.

God and Liberty.

MARTIN PERFECTO DE COS

Matamoras June 12th, 1835.

To the Political Chief of the Department of Brazos. }

Translation

EXTRACTS —"For God's sake be firm. The recompence will be infinite and that assistance will go to you. The Government had embarked SIX HUNDRED men of which four hundred were Infantry and the detachments of Zacatecas caused them to march by land, of them we have here fifty, the rest are scattered. The affair of Zacatecas is concluded and nothing remains but the Government putting a respectable number of troops in those parts so soon as the faction of Monclova shall be reduced, of the good patriots that will not contribute to speed this is not one that will not contribute to accomplish the measure, & Cos in preference, who with our friends is surrounded by the deserters of the line. Do not omit to circulate the form of the arms with the preservation of that banditti skin."

"Zacatecas is put down, and there is no obstacle left to making the roads as they were treated of with Congress. I send a Novil, (a paper) in order that you may read its praised with an account of this triumph over Zacatecas."

S. M. AGUADO.

DON ANTONIO P. NOD.

My very dear friend—"I shall be never tired of by the six vessels that are going to carry to cos to you, more [illegible] and Duren may not cry Day to to morrow the [illegible] of celebration of [illegible] will [illegible] her and [illegible] The [illegible] of the cavalry [illegible] and Revolution does not now [illegible] convalescent nation. All go on well."

MARIANO.

Bexar, June 20 h 1835.

Capt. Antonio Fenorio

My esteemed friend - Do not fail to communicate whatever intelligence you may have, and whatever you may think proper in relation to the public affairs, in your section of the country. In very short time, the affairs of Texas will be definitively settled, for which purpose the Government has ordered to take up the line of March, a strong division composed of the troops which were in Zacatecas, and which are now in Saltillo.

Take care of youself and command your friend, &c

S. DOMINGO DE UGARTACHEA.

P. S. Friend—as the commandant General is not acquainted with your co[illegible] he does not know that the soldiers will die of fevers if they do not have musquito bars, for want of sleep. You will make for them, such as I had at Velasco, as it is known the Colonists are in March from Pecan point across the Colony. Nothing is heard but God damn St. Anna, God damn Ugartachea. These Revolutionists will be ground down, and it appears to me we shall very soon see eachother, since the Government takes their matters in hand.

Your officios of the 2d and 4th of this month are before me and their contents have filled me with sufficient grief for I see to what an extreme the impudence of some strangers may carry them, for they appear to have persuaded themselves that the ports of the Republic appertain exclusively for the purpose of carrying a criminal and clandestine commerce. The original officios I have forwarded to Government with communication urging the necessity which there now is for other measures to cause obedience to the law by those inhabitants I have no doubt that with the brevity which these circumstances require they will provide for these necessities; In the meantime I have disposed that the Battalion of Morelos shall pass from Victoria to this port where they shall embark for Copano and the nec[illegible] they will March wherever it may become neccessary. You will operate in every case with extreme prudence; but if by any casuality the public order should be overturned, you are to proceed without any contemplation against whomsoever may occasion it, without permitting for any cause the national arms and [illegible] to be [illegible]

God and Liberty—Matamoras May 23 h 1835.

MARTIN PERFECTO DE COS.

To the Commandant at Anahuac.

PROSPECTUS

FOR PUBLISHING A PAPER UNDER THE TITLE OF

COLONIST ESTRAPE AND TEXAS PLANTER

The undersigned proposes to publish in the town of San Felipe de Austin, a paper under the above title, the columns of which shall be devoted to the diffusion of political and other useful knowledge.

That town is the most eligible location for such an establishment, because it is there that is the point where the communications from [illegible] are received, and being a central place, papers can be distributed with facility to all parts of the country.

The Colonist will be devoted to no party, but will fearlessly expose every [illegible] error wherever met with —Its columns will be [illegible] to themselves the right of rejecting communications as they may deem unworthy [illegible] to be inserted.

The Colonist will ever be ready to advocate such principles [illegible] have a tendency to promote union between Texas [illegible] Confederation, as well as to oppose very [illegible] or weaken the connexion between them. The [illegible] from the interior will be received, and every things [illegible] to Texas will be immediately translated and inserted in this paper. Thus it will be rendered the most speedy [illegible] to the people the information most important to their interests. No pains will be spared to make this paper [illegible] of readers.

By [illegible] course, the editors hope to render the people of Texas [illegible] a liberal patronage.

JOSEPH BAKER,
GAIL BORDEN, Jr.
JOHN P. BORDEN.

[illegible] PROPOSALS.

The Colonist will be printed every week, on a sheet larger than any [illegible] in Texas, at $5 per annum in advance, [illegible] six months, and $7 if not paid until the end of the year.

PROPOSALS,

Repeated applications having been made at this office for copies of the Federal and State Constitutions, and various Statutes of the State, including all the Colonization Laws that time after time have been printed by the different previous proprietors of this establishment, the subscriber and proprietor is now making arrangements to procure all of said laws of the State applicable to this Colony, and to have the same translated by a translator whose capacity shall be admitted and to publish the same, after the arrangement of several members of the bar; with an Index and marginal notes. The subscriber is well satisfied of the general utility of such a compilation, he therefore intends to spare no pains or expense in its accomplishment. If he receives that support that will justify the publication the work will be offered to the public as soon as it can be prepared, at THREE DOLLARS for each copy, to be paid on the delivery of the Book. That no more than the number subscribed for will be printed, the subscription list is now offered to which all disposed to encourage the work can be subscribed before the same closed.

F. C. GRAY

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned having entered into Copartnership, under the firm of Bennet & Sharp, in the purchase of the entire stock of Merchandize formerly belonging to Mr. Sterling M'Neel, are now prepared to dispose of them on as reasonable terms as goods of the same quality can be bought in the country. The Stock consists of a general assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, MEDICINES, &c &c.

Our Friends, and the Public generally, are respectfully invited to give us a CALL.

THEODORE BENNET,
JOHN SHARP.

Brazoria, June 3d, 1835. —40—tf.